VOLVO

Report on the first quarter 2023

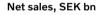
Volvo Group

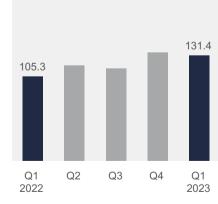
The first quarter in brief

- In Q1 2023, net sales increased by 25% to SEK 131.4 billion (105.3). Adjusted for currency movements, the increase was 17%.
- Adjusted operating income¹ amounted to SEK 18,409 M (12,681), corresponding to an adjusted operating margin of 14.0% (12.0). Adjusted operating income excludes a negative effect of SEK 1,300 M from a restructuring provision in Buses.
- Reported operating income amounted to SEK 17,109 M (8,556).

- Currency movements had a positive impact on operating income of SEK 1,669 M.
- ► Earnings per share amounted to SEK 6.35 (3.46).
- ➤ Operating cash flow in the Industrial Operations amounted to SEK 5,004 M (-5,400).
- ➢ Return on capital employed in Industrial Operations amounted to 30.3% (25.3).

| | First qu | uarter |
|--|----------|---------|
| SEK M unless otherwise stated | 2023 | 2022 |
| Net sales | 131,420 | 105,317 |
| Adjusted operating income ¹ | 18,409 | 12,681 |
| Adjusted operating margin, % | 14.0 | 12.0 |
| Operating income | 17,109 | 8,556 |
| Operating margin, % | 13.0 | 8.1 |
| Income after financial items | 16,797 | 9,027 |
| Income for the period | 12,934 | 7,071 |
| Earnings per share, SEK | 6.35 | 3.46 |
| Operating cash flow in Industrial Operations | 5,004 | -5,400 |
| Net financial position in Industrial Operations, SEK bn ² | 77.7 | 59.5 |
| Return on capital employed in Industrial Operations, $\%$ ³ | 30.3 | 25.3 |
| Return on equity in Financial Services, % ³ | 11.0 | 4.1 |
| Return on equity in Financial Services excluding Russian and Belarus operations, $\%$ 3 | 14.8 | 17.8 |
| Net order intake, number of trucks | 60,040 | 45,594 |
| Deliveries, number of trucks | 61,531 | 55,588 |
| Net order intake, number of construction equipment | 13,342 | 20,683 |
| Deliveries, number of construction equipment | 14,468 | 20,779 |





Adjusted operating income, SEK bn ¹ Adjusted operating margin, %

12.0%

12.7

Q1

2022

Q2

Q3

Q4

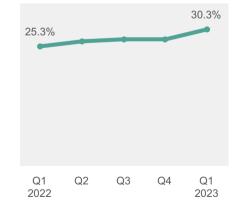
14.0%

18.4

Q1

2023

Return on capital employed Industrial Operations, %³



¹ For information on adjusted operating income, please see note 6.

² Excluding post-employment benefits and lease liabilities.

³ 12 months rolling.

On the cover: Lineup of Mack Medium Duty Electric trucks.

VOLVO GROUP - 3 - THE FIRST QUARTER 2023

CEO'S COMMENTS

Strong start to 2023

During Q1 2023, the Volvo Group's growth continued and our profitability took a step up. Sales increased in all business areas and in all regions. Net sales rose by 25% to SEK 131.4 billion, the highest so far for a first quarter. We increased the adjusted operating income by SEK 5.7 billion to SEK 18.4 billion, corresponding to a margin of 14.0% (12.0). Return on capital employed rose to 30.3% (25.3).

A good profitability is important for us to be able to continue to increase our investments in the biggest technological shift ever in our industries. We are in a period when we are investing battery and fuel cell electric vehicles as well as internal combustion engines in parallel. Furthermore, the proposed Euro VII emissions legislation will put additional pressure on our investments in research and development of the combustion engine. Good profitability and financial strength are important to be able to drive these investments. In Q1, Industrial Operations generated an operating cash flow of SEK 5.0 billion (-5.4) and at the end of the quarter had net cash of SEK 77.7 billion, excluding pension and leasing liabilities.

Despite a deteriorating economic outlook with high inflation and rising interest rates, transport volumes and infrastructure activity have continued to be solid in most of our markets. In combination with customers' need to renew aging fleets, this contributes to good demand for our products. The high activity levels were also reflected in our service sales, which grew by 13% adjusted for currency. The service business is a priority area because it contributes to increasing our customers' productivity, strengthens customer relationships and provides stability over the business cycle.

There is a continued pent-up need to replace aging fleets, which is noticeable on the truck side, where order intake rose as we gradually opened the order books for the second half of 2023. Overall, order intake rose by 32% to 60,040 trucks while we delivered 61,531 trucks, an increase of 11% compared to the previous year. This is both a delivery and production record for a Q1 and the result of hard work across the value chain. The disturbances in the European supply chains have not been as extensive as in the autumn and have contributed to increased productivity. The North American supply chain, on the other hand, remains unstable, which leads to production disturbances. During Q1, net sales in the truck business grew by 29% to SEK 89.6 billion, with strong sales in all regions. The adjusted operating margin increased to 14.2% (12.5).

With the exception of China, activity in the construction industry has continued to be good in most of our markets. It is primarily driven by ongoing infrastructure investments and by the mining industry, which benefits from continued good commodity prices. Construction Equipment's net sales increased by 11% to SEK 25.1 billion and the adjusted operating margin rose to 18.3% (12.4) with strong development for our Volvo products in North America and Europe. However, order intake decreased by 35% due to lower demand in China and weakening order intake in Europe. Seen in a longer perspective, the order books are large in most markets and we are working to shorten the long lead times.



Demand for buses has continued to improve as travel has increased after the pandemic. This is particularly evident for coaches in North America and on the service side. In Q1, net sales in Buses rose by 40% and amounted to SEK 4.3 billion. Underlying profitability improved but remains low. The adjusted operating margin amounted to 4.2% (0.7), excluding a cost of SEK 1.3 billion to restructure the European operations.

"A good profitability is important for us to be able to continue to increase our investments in the biggest technological shift ever in our industries."

For Volvo Penta, demand continued to be good in both the marine and industrial segments. Net sales rose by 33% to SEK 5.6 billion and the adjusted operating margin improved to 22.7% (18.3).

For Volvo Financial Services, the credit portfolio continued to grow and the good activity levels at our customers in most regions was reflected in continued low credit losses. The adjusted operating income amounted to SEK 871 M (882).

Together with our business partners, we continue to work hard to meet our customers' needs while at the same time having a high degree of flexibility to quickly adapt to any changes in demand. We are operating from a position of strength and will continue to take advantage of growth opportunities in our efforts to move to fossil-free transport and infrastructure solutions – to the benefit of our customers and our shareholders as well as society at large.

Martin Lundstedt President and CEO

FINANCIAL SUMMARY OF THE FIRST QUARTER 2023

Net sales

In Q1 2023, the Volvo Group's net sales amounted to SEK 131,420 M compared with SEK 105,317 M in the same quarter the preceding year. Sales increased in all business areas and in all regions.

Adjusted for currency movements, net sales increased by 17%, of which vehicle sales by 18% and service sales by 13%.

Operating income

In Q1 2023, adjusted operating income amounted to SEK 18,409 M (12,681), corresponding to an adjusted operating margin of 14.0% (12.0).

The adjusted operating income in Q1 2023 excludes a negative

effect of SEK 1,300 M from a restructuring provision in Buses. Q1 2022 excluded a negative effect from provisioning of assets related to Russia in an amount of SEK 4,125 M. For more information on adjusted operating income, please see Note 6.

Compared with Q1 2022, the higher adjusted operating income is mainly an effect of price realization and favorable brand and product mix in Construction Equipment. This was partly offset by higher material costs as well as increased R&D and selling expenses.

Currency movements, compared with Q1 2022, had a positive impact of SEK 1,669 M.

Reported operating income in Q1 2023 amounted to SEK 17,109 M (8,556).

| Net sales | First quarter | | Change |
|--|---------------|---------|--------|
| SEK M | 2023 | 2022 | % |
| Net sales per geographical region | | | |
| Europe | 57,521 | 46,565 | 24 |
| North America | 40,153 | 29,861 | 34 |
| South America | 9,566 | 8,836 | 8 |
| Asia | 16,488 | 14,115 | 17 |
| Africa and Oceania | 7,692 | 5,940 | 30 |
| Total net sales | 131,420 | 105,317 | 25 |
| Net sales per product group | | | |
| Vehicles | 100,732 | 80,035 | 26 |
| Services | 30,688 | 25,282 | 21 |
| Total net sales | 131,420 | 105,317 | 25 |
| Timing of revenue recognition | | | |
| Revenue of vehicles and services recognized at the point of delivery | 119,878 | 96,339 | 24 |
| Revenue of vehicles and services recognized over contract period | 11,542 | 8,978 | 29 |
| Total net sales | 131,420 | 105,317 | 25 |

| Consolidated Income Statement | First q | uarter |
|---|---------|---------|
| SEK M | 2023 | 2022 |
| Net sales | 131,420 | 105,317 |
| Cost of sales | -96,112 | -80,700 |
| Gross income | 35,308 | 24,617 |
| Research and development expenses | -6,492 | -4,583 |
| Selling expenses | -7,894 | -6,783 |
| Administrative expenses | -1,663 | -1,321 |
| Other operating income and expenses | -1,980 | -3,377 |
| Income/loss from investments in joint ventures and associated companies | -171 | -123 |
| Income/loss from other investments | - | 127 |
| Operating income | 17,109 | 8,556 |
| Interest income and similar credits | 572 | 125 |
| Interest expenses and similar charges | -314 | -328 |
| Other financial income and expenses | -570 | 674 |
| Income after financial items | 16,797 | 9,027 |
| Income taxes | -3,863 | -1,956 |
| Income for the period * | 12,934 | 7,071 |
| * Attributable to: | | |
| Owners of AB Volvo | 12,910 | 7,033 |
| Non-controlling interest | 24 | 38 |
| | 12,934 | 7,071 |
| Basic earnings per share, SEK | 6.35 | 3.46 |
| Diluted earnings per share, SEK | 6.35 | 3.46 |

Financial items

In Q1 2023, interest income was SEK 572 M (125) as a consequence of higher interest on financial assets, whereas interest expenses amounted to SEK 314 M (328).

Other financial income and expenses amounted to SEK -570 M (674). The change is primarily due to revaluation effects of financial assets and liabilities.

Income taxes

In Q1 2023, income taxes amounted to SEK 3,863 M (1,956). The tax rate was 23% (22).

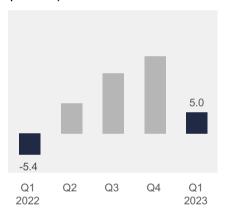
Income for the period and earnings per share

In Q1 2023, income for the period amounted to SEK 12,934 M (7,071). Earnings per share amounted to SEK 6.35 (3.46).

Operating cash flow in the Industrial Operations

During Q1 2023, operating cash flow in the Industrial Operations was positive in an amount of SEK 5,004 M (-5,400). Compared with Q1 2022, the improved operating cash flow is primarily related to a lower seasonal buildup of working capital of SEK 7,738 M (15,890) and higher operating income of SEK 16,238 M (10,241). This was partly off-set by higher tax payments of SEK 5,602 M (1,826).

Operating cash flow Industrial Operations, SEK bn



Volvo Group financial position

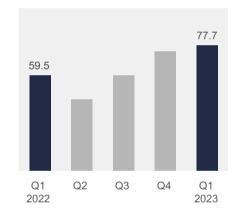
During Q1 2023, net financial assets in the Industrial Operations, excluding provisions for post-employment benefits and lease liabilities, increased by SEK 3.8 billion resulting in a net financial asset position of SEK 77.7 billion on March 31, 2023. The change is mainly explained by a positive operating cash flow of SEK 5.0 billion.

Including provisions for post-employment benefits and lease liabilities, the Industrial Operations net financial assets amounted to SEK 63.4 billion on March 31, 2023. During Q1 2023, remeasurements of defined benefit pension plans had a negative impact of SEK 1.0 billion. The remeasurements were primarily an effect of lower discount rates, partly offset by higher return on assets.

During Q1 2023 a decision was made to call the final tranche (EUR 0.6 billion) of the hybrid bond with payment date on March 10, 2023.

On March 31, 2023, total equity for the Volvo Group amounted to SEK 178.7 billion compared with SEK 166.2 billion at year-end 2022. The equity ratio was 27.3% (26.4). On the same date the equity ratio in the Industrial Operations amounted to 35.8% (34.1).

Net financial position excl. post-employment benefits and lease liabilities Industrial Operations, SEK bn



| Number of employees | Mar 31 2023 | Dec 31 2022 | Mar 31 2022 |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Blue-collar | 53,486 | 51,779 | 52,114 |
| Whereof temporary employees and consultants | 8,567 | 7,064 | 8,732 |
| White-collar | 50,765 | 50,376 | 47,232 |
| Whereof temporary employees and consultants | 7,366 | 7,405 | 6,555 |
| Total number of employees | 104,251 | 102,155 | 99,346 |
| Whereof temporary employees and consultants | 15,933 | 14,469 | 15,287 |

Number of employees

On March 31, 2023, the Volvo Group had 104,251 employees, including temporary employees and consultants, compared with 99,346 employees on March 31 2022. The number of blue-collar employees increased by 1,372 and the number of white-collar employees increased by 3,533. The increase in blue-collar employees is related to higher production levels and the increase in white-collar employees is related to higher development and transformational activities.

IMPORTANT EVENTS FOR THE VOLVO GROUP

Tina Hultkvist resigned as CFO

On February 3, 2023, it was announced that Tina Hultkvist had decided to leave her role as Volvo Group Chief Financial Officer and member of the Executive Board. Jan Ytterberg, previously Volvo Group Chief Financial Officer and member of the Executive Board and Volvo Group senior advisor, stepped in as acting CFO.

Volvo Buses changes business model in Europe and has decided to close its bodybuilding factory in Wroclaw in 2024

On March 16, 2023, it was announced that Volvo Buses is changing its business model in Europe and will apply the same successful model as it has on several other markets. This means that Volvo Buses will focus its production on chassis and together with external bodybuilders offer customers in Europe a complete range of city and intercity buses as well as coaches for the premium segment. Consequently, Volvo Buses has decided to close its bodybuilding factory in Wroclaw, Poland, Q1 2024. Volvo Buses has signed a Letter of Intent regarding the divestment of its premises to Vargas Holding. A restructuring provision of SEK 1,300 M negatively impacted operating income in Q1 2023.

Annual General Meeting of AB Volvo

AB Volvo's Annual General Meeting on April 4, 2023, adopted the income statement and balance sheet as well as the consolidated income statement and the consolidated balance sheet. In

accordance with the Board's proposal, the Meeting resolved that an ordinary dividend of SEK 7.00 per share and an extraordinary dividend of SEK 7.00 per share should be paid to the shareholders. April 6, 2023 was decided as the record date for the right to receive dividends. The Board Members, Board Deputies and the President and CEO were discharged from liability for their administration during the 2022 fiscal year. Matti Alahuhta, Jan Carlson, Eric Elzvik, Martha Finn Brooks, Kurt Jofs, Martin Lundstedt, Kathryn V. Marinello, Martina Merz, Helena Stjernholm and Carl-Henric Svanberg were re-elected as members of the Board. Bo Annvik was elected as new member of the Board. Carl-Henric Svanberg was re-elected as Chairman of the Board. The follwing persons were elected as members of the Election Committee: Pär Boman (AB Industrivärden), Anders Oscarsson (AMF and AMF Funds), Magnus Billing (Alecta, subsequently replaced by Carina Silberg), Anders Algotsson (AFA Insurance) and the Chairman of the Board. The Meeting resolved that no fees shall be paid to the members of the Election Committee. The Annual General Meeting approved the Board's remuneration report. Guidelines for remuneration to the Volvo Group Executive Board were adopted in accordance with the Board's proposal. The Meeting resolved to approve the Board's proposed adoption of a new long-term incentive plan.

Detailed information about the events is available at www.volvogroup.com

BUSINESS SEGMENT OVERVIEW

| Net sales | First q | uarter | Change | Change | 12 months | Jan-Dec |
|------------------------------------|---------|---------|--------|----------------|-----------|---------|
| SEK M | 2023 | 2022 | % | % ¹ | rolling | 2022 |
| Trucks | 89,556 | 69,552 | 29 | 21 | 330,540 | 310,536 |
| Construction Equipment | 25,109 | 22,613 | 11 | 5 | 102,757 | 100,261 |
| Buses | 4,267 | 3,051 | 40 | 29 | 19,799 | 18,583 |
| Volvo Penta | 5,603 | 4,204 | 33 | 26 | 19,500 | 18,102 |
| Group Functions & Other | 3,779 | 3,848 | -2 | - | 16,307 | 16,376 |
| Eliminations | -1,195 | -923 | - | - | -4,427 | -4,155 |
| Industrial Operations | 127,117 | 102,345 | 24 | 16 | 484,475 | 459,703 |
| Financial Services | 5,370 | 3,734 | 44 | 33 | 18,991 | 17,355 |
| Reclassifications and eliminations | -1,067 | -762 | - | - | -3,884 | -3,579 |
| Volvo Group | 131,420 | 105,317 | 25 | 17 | 499,582 | 473,479 |

¹ Adjusted for exchange rate fluctuations.

| Adjusted operating income ¹ | First qu | First quarter | | 12 months | Jan-Dec |
|--|----------|---------------|-----|-----------|---------|
| SEK M | 2023 | 2022 | % | rolling | 2022 |
| Trucks | 12,715 | 8,690 | 46 | 37,847 | 33,821 |
| Construction Equipment | 4,587 | 2,810 | 63 | 15,022 | 13,244 |
| Buses | 178 | 20 | 781 | 511 | 353 |
| Volvo Penta | 1,271 | 769 | 65 | 3,031 | 2,530 |
| Group Functions & Other | -1,225 | -488 | 151 | -3,648 | -2,911 |
| Eliminations | 12 | -3 | - | 26 | 12 |
| Industrial Operations | 17,538 | 11,798 | 49 | 52,789 | 47,049 |
| Financial Services | 871 | 882 | -1 | 3,405 | 3,416 |
| Reclassifications and eliminations | - | 1 | - | 2 | 2 |
| Volvo Group adjusted operating income | 18,409 | 12,681 | 45 | 56,195 | 50,467 |
| Adjustments ¹ | -1,300 | -4,125 | - | -1,930 | -4,755 |
| Volvo Group operating income | 17,109 | 8,556 | 100 | 54,265 | 45,712 |

¹ For more information on adjusted operating income, please see note 6

| Adjusted operating margin | First qu | arter | 12 months Jan-Dec |
|---------------------------------------|----------|-------|-------------------|
| % | 2023 | 2022 | rolling 2022 |
| Trucks | 14.2 | 12.5 | 11.4 10.9 |
| Construction Equipment | 18.3 | 12.4 | 14.6 13.2 |
| Buses | 4.2 | 0.7 | 2.6 1.9 |
| Volvo Penta | 22.7 | 18.3 | 15.5 14.0 |
| Industrial Operations | 13.8 | 11.5 | 10.9 10.2 |
| Volvo Group adjusted operating margin | 14.0 | 12.0 | 11.2 10.7 |
| Volvo Group operating margin | 13.0 | 8.1 | 10.9 9.7 |

TRUCKS

Strong growth and improved profitability

- In Q1, net sales increased by 29% to SEK 89,556 M
- Adjusted operating income increased to SEK 12,715 M (8,690) with a margin of 14.2% (12.5)
- Order intake increased by 32% and deliveries by 11%



During Q1 2023, demand in both Europe and North America continued to be on a good level for both new and used vehicles as well as for services on the back of customers replacing aging fleets and continued good transport activity.

In Brazil, demand in Q1 declined due to a prebuy that took place in 2022 ahead of a new emission legislation which was implemented on January 1, 2023.

The Indian market continued to grow as an effect of increased consumption levels, pent-up demand, and increased government expenditure on infrastructure.

Demand in China started to show signs of recovery with contribution from various regional stimulus initiatives in infrastructure and towards consumer consumption.

Orders and deliveries

In Q1, the truck markets in most regions continued to be supplydriven on the back of production capacity limitations. Net order intake in Q1 increased by 32% to 60,040 trucks while deliveries increased by 11% to 61,531 trucks.

In Europe, order intake increased by 25% to 31,290 vehicles and deliveries increased by 13% to 32,850 vehicles. Volvo Trucks' total heavy-duty market share through February decreased to 17.9% (18.7) while the electric heavy-duty market share increased to 50.2% (32.0). Renault Trucks' heavy-duty total market share decreased to 9.0% (9.6) and the electric heavy-duty market share decreased to 15.5% (18.7).



Order intake in North America increased by 152% to 15,159 trucks while deliveries increased by 15% to 16,011 vehicles. Volvo Trucks' heavy-duty truck market share through March decreased to 8.7% (9.8). Mack Trucks' market share increased to 5.7% (5.3).

In South America, order intake decreased by 29% to 5,212 trucks while deliveries decreased by 28% to 4,475 vehicles after the prebuy in 2022. Production rates have been reduced. In Brazil, Volvo Trucks' heavy-duty trucks market share through March decreased to 21.8% (25.9).

Order intake in Asia increased by 12% to 5,336 vehicles and deliveries increased by 55% to 5,742 vehicles, mainly driven by the Middle East.

In Q1, order intake for fully electric trucks increased by 67% to 825 (494) vehicles while deliveries increased by 254% to 683 (193) vehicles.

Order intake for the Indian joint venture, VE Commercial Vehicles, increased by 15% to 20,590 vehicles while deliveries increased by 12% to 20,017 vehicles.

Deliveries from the Chinese joint venture, Dongfeng Commercial Vehicles decreased by 31% to 14,184 trucks.

| Total market development | First quar | ter | Change | Full year | Forecast | Change vs. previous |
|---|------------|---------|--------|-----------|----------|---------------------|
| Registrations, number of trucks | 2023 | 2022 | % | 2022 | 2023 | forecast |
| Europe 29 ¹ heavy-duty | 80,186 | 66,204 | 21 | 264,100 | - | - |
| Europe 30 ¹ heavy-duty | 89,770 | 74,315 | 21 | 297,500 | 320,000 | +20,000 |
| North America heavy-duty (retail) | 79,433 | 62,134 | 28 | 309,916 | 320,000 | +20,000 |
| Brazil heavy-duty | 21,454 | 20,049 | 7 | 97,856 | 80,000 | unchanged |
| China ² medium- and heavy-duty | 197,265 | 227,181 | -13 | 566,130 | 650,000 | unchanged |
| India medium- and heavy-duty | 117,318 | 101,869 | 15 | 350,797 | 400,000 | unchanged |

¹ EU29 includes Norway and Switzerland but excludes UK. EU30 includes UK.

² Previous year has been adjusted to exclude exports.

| Net order intake | First qua | arter | Change |
|---------------------------------|-----------|--------|-------------|
| Number of trucks | 2023 | 2022 | Change % |
| Europe | 31,290 | 24,984 | 25 |
| Heavy- and medium-duty | 26,055 | 19,631 | 33 |
| Light-duty | 5,235 | 5,353 | -2 |
| North America | 15,159 | 6,017 | 152 |
| South America | 5,212 | 7,354 | -29 |
| Asia | 5,336 | 4,766 | 12 |
| Africa and Oceania | 3,043 | 2,473 | 23 |
| Total order intake | 60,040 | 45,594 | 32 |
| Heavy-duty (>16 tons) | 49,901 | 36,861 | 35 |
| Medium-duty (7-16 tons) | 4,831 | 3,272 | 48 |
| Light-duty (<7 tons) | 5,308 | 5,461 | -3 |
| Total order intake | 60,040 | 45,594 | 32 |
| Volvo | 35,956 | 27,157 | 32 |
| Renault Trucks | 15,741 | 16,141 | -2 |
| Heavy- and medium-duty | 10,433 | 10,680 | -2 |
| Light-duty | 5,308 | 5,461 | -3 |
| Mack | 7,933 | 2,031 | 291 |
| Other brands | 410 | 265 | 55 |
| Total order intake | 60,040 | 45,594 | 32 |
| Non-consolidated operations | | | |
| VE Commercial Vehicles (Eicher) | 20,590 | 17,886 | 15 |

| Deliveries | First qu | uarter | Change |
|---|----------|--------|-------------|
| Number of trucks | 2023 | 2022 | Change % |
| Europe | 32,850 | 29,089 | 13 |
| Heavy- and medium-duty | 26,702 | 24,276 | 10 |
| Light-duty | 6,148 | 4,813 | 28 |
| North America | 16,011 | 13,908 | 15 |
| South America | 4,475 | 6,245 | -28 |
| Asia | 5,742 | 3,697 | 55 |
| Africa and Oceania | 2,453 | 2,649 | -7 |
| Total deliveries | 61,531 | 55,588 | 11 |
| Heavy-duty (>16 tons) | 50,684 | 46,889 | 8 |
| Medium-duty (7-16 tons) | 4,604 | 3,818 | 21 |
| Light-duty (<7 tons) | 6,243 | 4,881 | 28 |
| Total deliveries | 61,531 | 55,588 | 11 |
| Volvo | 35,789 | 33,861 | 6 |
| Renault Trucks | 17,496 | 14,740 | 19 |
| Heavy- and medium-duty | 11,253 | 9,859 | 14 |
| Light-duty | 6,243 | 4,881 | 28 |
| Mack | 7,958 | 6,518 | 22 |
| Other brands | 288 | 469 | -39 |
| Total deliveries | 61,531 | 55,588 | 11 |
| Non-consolidated operations | | | |
| VE Commercial Vehicles (Eicher) | 20,017 | 17,860 | 12 |
| Dongfeng Commercial Vehicle Company (Dongfeng Trucks) | 14,184 | 20,561 | -31 |

| Net sales and operating income | First qu | larter | Change % |
|--|----------|--------|-------------|
| SEK M | 2023 | 2022 | % |
| Net sales per geographical region | | | |
| Europe | 42,676 | 33,499 | 27 |
| North America | 27,607 | 20,580 | 34 |
| South America | 7,224 | 6,781 | 7 |
| Asia | 7,533 | 4,797 | 57 |
| Africa and Oceania | 4,516 | 3,895 | 16 |
| Total net sales | 89,556 | 69,552 | 29 |
| Net sales per product group | | | |
| Vehicles | 71,754 | 54,467 | 32 |
| Services | 17,802 | 15,085 | 18 |
| Total net sales | 89,556 | 69,552 | 29 |
| Timing of revenue recognition | | | |
| Revenue of vehicles and services recognized at the point of delivery | 84,395 | 65,017 | 30 |
| Revenue of vehicles and services recognized over contract period | 5,161 | 4,535 | 14 |
| Total net sales | 89,556 | 69,552 | 29 |
| Adjusted operating income ¹ | 12,715 | 8,690 | 46 |
| Adjustments | 139 | -1,447 | - |
| Operating income | 12,854 | 7,243 | 77 |
| Adjusted operating margin, % | 14.2 | 12.5 | |
| Operating margin, % | 14.4 | 10.4 | |

¹ For more information on adjusted operating income, please see note 6.

Net sales and operating income

In Q1 2023, the truck operation's net sales amounted to SEK 89,556 M, which was 29% higher than in Q1 2022. Excluding currency effects, net sales increased by 21% with sales of vehicles increasing by 24% and sales of services by 10%.

Adjusted operating income increased to SEK 12,715 (8,690), corresponding to an adjusted operating margin of 14.2% (12.5). Adjusted operating income excludes a positive effect of SEK 139 M related to a decrease of the provision announced in 2018 for the premature degradation of an emission control component. In Q1 2022, adjusted operating income excluded a negative effect of SEK 1,447 M primarily from provisioning of inventories and receivables related to Russia. For more information on adjusted operating income, see Note 6.

Compared with Q1 2022, the higher adjusted operating income is an effect of price realization and increased volumes. Earnings were negatively impacted by higher material costs as well as increased R&D and selling expenses. Compared with Q1 2022, currency movements had a positive impact of SEK 850 M.

Reported operating income amounted to SEK 12,854 M (7,243).

Important events

In Q1, Volvo Trucks started production of heavy-duty, rigid electric trucks in the Tuve plant in Sweden.

Volvo Trucks and mining company Boliden started a collaboration project around the usage of electric trucks for underground mining (see photo on page 8).

Mack Trucks launched fully electric medium-duty trucks for North America.

The existing technology cooperation with Isuzu Motors was extended to also include Isuzu branded vehicles.

| Net order intake of fully electric trucks | First qu | First quarter | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------|
| Number of trucks | 2023 | 2022 | Change % |
| Volvo | 486 | 202 | 141 |
| Renault Trucks | 324 | 292 | 11 |
| Heavy- and medium-duty | 174 | 138 | 26 |
| Light-duty | 150 | 154 | -3 |
| Mack | 15 | - | - |
| Total order intake | 825 | 494 | 67 |

| Deliveries of fully electric trucks | First quarter | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|------|-------------|--|
| Number of trucks | 2023 | 2022 | Change % | |
| Volvo | 350 | 61 | 474 | |
| Renault Trucks | 331 | 130 | 155 | |
| Heavy- and medium-duty | 128 | 82 | 56 | |
| Light-duty | 203 | 48 | 323 | |
| Mack | 2 | 2 | - | |
| Total deliveries | 683 | 193 | 254 | |

CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT

Strong earnings and margin

- In Q1, net sales increased by 11% to SEK 25,109 M
- Adjusted operating income amounted to SEK 4,587 M (2,810), with a margin of 18.3% (12.4)
- Service sales flat, adjusted for currency



Market development

Overall, demand in major markets outside China remained stable in Q1, with growth in Europe and North America while facing corrections in Asia and Latin America.

In the North American market demand continued to be good, with many large infrastructure projects and strong commercial construction more than offsetting a weakness in residential construction amid high interest rates.

In Europe, the market grew as construction activities remained on good levels. Market growth was also positively influenced by rental fleet replacements.

In South America, investment levels slowed down in Brazil due to lower business confidence among customers.

The Chinese market had a significant negative correction due to the pre-buy effect related to the emissions regulations change at the end of last year, in addition to low economic activity.

Development in other Asian markets was flat due to a weaker economic outlook in key markets such as Korea and Thailand, which was offset by Indonesia, where demand remained stable with good demand for commodities.

Orders and deliveries

In Q1, net order intake declined by 35%. The lower order intake was heavily impacted by low order intake in China after the prebuy in Q4 as well as by more cautiousness among customers and dealers in Europe. Order intake in North America increased significantly driven by a favorable market outlook.

In Q1, deliveries decreased by 30% as a consequence of lower deliveries in China and a slowdown in Brazil. Deliveries in Europe increased when excluding the effect of the stopped sales in Russia. The increase in North America was supported by favorable market conditions.

| Total market development | Year-to-date February | Forecast | Previous forecast |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|-------------------|
| Change in % measured in units | 2023 | 2023 | 2023 |
| Europe | 5 | -5% to +5% | -5% to +5% |
| North America | 10 | -5% to +5% | -5% to +5% |
| South America | -31 | -20% to -10% | -10% to 0% |
| Asia excl. China | 1 | -5% to +5% | 0% to +10% |
| China | -35 | -15% to -5% | -15% to -5% |

| Net order intake | First qu | larter | Character 0/ |
|---|----------|--------|--------------|
| Number of construction equipment | 2023 | 2022 | Change % |
| Europe | 3,226 | 5,149 | -37 |
| North America | 2,596 | 1,254 | 107 |
| South America | 478 | 685 | -30 |
| Asia | 6,404 | 12,854 | -50 |
| Africa and Oceania | 638 | 741 | -14 |
| Total orders | 13,342 | 20,683 | -35 |
| Large and medium construction equipment | 10,049 | 15,075 | -33 |
| Compact construction equipment | 3,293 | 5,608 | -41 |
| Of which fully electric | 259 | 141 | 84 |
| Total orders | 13,342 | 20,683 | -35 |
| Of which: | | | |
| Volvo | 9,161 | 9,376 | -2 |
| SDLG | 4,114 | 11,261 | -63 |
| Of which in China | 2,846 | 9,183 | -69 |

| Deliveries | First qu | larter | Change |
|---|----------|--------|-------------|
| Number of construction equipment | 2023 | 2022 | Change % |
| Europe | 4,384 | 4,815 | -9 |
| North America | 2,334 | 1,735 | 35 |
| South America | 398 | 951 | -58 |
| Asia | 6,370 | 12,698 | -50 |
| Africa and Oceania | 982 | 580 | 69 |
| Total deliveries | 14,468 | 20,779 | -30 |
| Large and medium construction equipment | 10,665 | 15,215 | -30 |
| Compact construction equipment | 3,803 | 5,564 | -32 |
| Of which fully electric | 202 | 113 | 79 |
| Total deliveries | 14,468 | 20,779 | -30 |
| Of which: | | | |
| Volvo | 10,287 | 9,472 | 9 |
| SDLG | 4,114 | 11,261 | -63 |
| Of which in China | 2,846 | 9,183 | -69 |

| Net sales and operating income | First qu | larter | Change |
|--|----------|--------|--------|
| SEK M | 2023 | 2022 | % |
| Net sales per geographical region | | | |
| Europe | 8,610 | 7,388 | 17 |
| North America | 6,537 | 4,762 | 37 |
| South America | 758 | 1,090 | -30 |
| Asia | 7,098 | 8,128 | -13 |
| Africa and Oceania | 2,106 | 1,244 | 69 |
| Total net sales | 25,109 | 22,613 | 11 |
| Net sales per product group | | | |
| Construction equipment | 21,188 | 18,983 | 12 |
| Services | 3,921 | 3,630 | 8 |
| Total net sales | 25,109 | 22,613 | 11 |
| Timing of revenue recognition | | | |
| Revenue of vehicles and services recognized at the point of delivery | 24,469 | 22,017 | 11 |
| Revenue of vehicles and services recognized over contract period | 640 | 596 | 7 |
| Total net sales | 25,109 | 22,613 | 11 |
| Adjusted operating income ¹ | 4,587 | 2,810 | 63 |
| Adjustments | - | -106 | - |
| Operating income | 4,587 | 2,703 | 70 |
| Adjusted operating margin, % | 18.3 | 12.4 | |
| Operating margin, % | 18.3 | 12.0 | |

¹ For more information on adjusted operating income, please see note 6.

Net sales and operating income

In Q1 2023, net sales increased by 11% to SEK 25,109 M (22,613). Adjusted for currency movements net sales increased by 5%, of which net sales of machines increased by 5% and service sales by 1%.

Adjusted operating income amounted to SEK 4,587 M (2,810), corresponding to an operating margin of 18.3% (12.4). Operating income was positively impacted by a favorable brand and product mix, and price realization, which were partly offset by lower volumes and increased material costs and R&D expenses. Compared with Q1 2022, currency movements had a positive impact of SEK 589 M.

Reported operating income amounted to SEK 4,587 M (2,703).

Important events

In Q1, Volvo CE made several introductions of sustainable power solutions and new service offerings. Among them was a solution in Europe to convert the L120 wheel loader to electric – fulfilling market appetite for more sustainable solutions in the mid-size range (see photo on page 11). The introduction of electric products in new markets continued with the launch of the fully electric EC55 excavator in India.

In conjunction with the ConExpo show in Las Vegas in March, Volvo CE launched a range of new service offerings in North America, including Connected Map, Task Manager and Global Load Out solutions, all designed to increased connectivity, productivity and sustainability in work site operations. Also at ConExpo, the first fossil-free articulated hauler in North America was handed over to a customer.

Volvo CE also announced a SEK 80 M investment in battery pack production at its excavator plant in Changwon, South Korea.

BUSES

Higher volumes and improved profitability

- In Q1, deliveries increased by 25%
- Adjusted operating income increased to SEK 178 M (20) with a margin of 4.2% (0.7)
- Restructuring of the European business

In Q1, global demand for new buses continued to improve, particularly for coaches. Demand for city buses was more stable, with a continued increase in requests for electric buses.

Compared with Q1 2022, net order intake increased by 4% to 1,839 units, primarily supported by significant coach orders in North America. Important orders were received in Mexico for the recently introduced EU6 coach.

Deliveries increased by 25% to 1,184 units, with higher deliveries in North America, the Middle East and Africa.

In Q1, net sales increased by 40% to SEK 4,267 M (3,051). Adjusted for currency, net sales increased by 29%, whereof vehicle sales increased by 32% and service sales by 23%.

Adjusted operating income amounted to SEK 178 M (20), corresponding to an adjusted operating margin of 4.2% (0.7). Adjusted operating income excludes a negative effect of SEK 1,300 M relating to a provision for the restructuring of the European bus



business and a negative effect of SEK 139 M related to an increase of the provision announced in 2018 for the premature degradation of an emission control component. For more information regarding the restructuring, see page 6.

Compared with Q1 2022, the higher adjusted operating income is an effect of price realization and a positive mix, whereas increased material costs and R&D expenses impacted negatively. Compared with Q1 2022, currency movements had a positive impact of SEK 112 M. Reported operating income amounted to SEK -1,261 M (20).

In January, Prevost launched an all new version of its coach H3-45, pictued above. The redesigned coach, with a new aerodynamic shape, makes it up to 12% more fuel efficient and the completely new interior provides and enhanced environment for drivers and passengers.

| Net order intake and deliveries ¹ | | First quarter | | |
|--|-------|---------------|-------|--|
| Number of buses | 2023 | 2022 | % | |
| Total orders | 1,839 | 1,764 | 4 | |
| Of which fully electric | 48 | 52 | -8 | |
| Of which hybrids | 3 | 12 | -75 | |
| Total deliveries | 1,184 | 947 | 25 | |
| Of which fully electric | 34 | 31 | 10 | |
| Of which hybrids | 44 | 3 | 1,367 | |

| Net sales and operating income | First qua | arter | Change |
|--|-----------|-------|--------|
| SEK M | 2023 | 2022 | % |
| Net sales per geographical region | | | |
| Europe | 1,340 | 997 | 34 |
| North America | 1,745 | 1,243 | 40 |
| South America | 300 | 247 | 21 |
| Asia | 365 | 247 | 48 |
| Africa and Oceania | 516 | 316 | 63 |
| Total net sales | 4,267 | 3,051 | 40 |
| Net sales per product group | | | |
| Vehicles | 2,986 | 2,082 | 43 |
| Services | 1,280 | 969 | 32 |
| Total net sales | 4,267 | 3,051 | 40 |
| Timing of revenue recognition | | | |
| Revenue of vehicles and services recognized at the point of delivery | 4,064 | 2,893 | 40 |
| Revenue of vehicles and services recognized over contract period | 203 | 157 | 29 |
| Total net sales | 4,267 | 3,051 | 40 |
| Adjusted operating income ¹ | 178 | 20 | 781 |
| Adjustments | -1,439 | - | - |
| Operating income | -1,261 | 20 | |
| Adjusted operating margin, % | 4.2 | 0.7 | |
| Operating margin, % | -29.6 | 0.7 | |

¹ For more information on adjusted operating income, please see note 6.

VOLVO PENTA

Strong sales and operating income

- In Q1, deliveries increased by 11% and net sales by 33%
- Adjusted operating income increased to SEK 1,271 M (769)
- Several innovative launches in both the industrial and the marine segment

In Q1, demand within marine leisure showed a slight decline mainly caused by weakening demand for smaller boats. In the marine commercial segment demand was strong for supply and patrol vessel propulsion. Power generation was particularly strong while construction showed a slight decrease. Material handling showed signs of declining demand while demand from mining and agriculture remained on high levels.

Net order intake decreased by 6% to 13,489 units while deliveries increased by 11% to 12,727 units. Supply limitations and long lead times continued to affect order booking negatively.

Net sales increased by 33% to SEK 5,603 M (4,204). Adjusted for currency movements, net sales increased by 26%, of which sales of engines increased by 31% and sales of services by 11%.

Adjusted operating income amounted to SEK 1,271 M (769), corresponding to an operating margin of 22.7% (18.3). Earnings were positively impacted by a favorable product mix, price realization



and engine volumes, which were partly offset by increased material costs and R&D expenses. Compared with Q1 2022, the currency impact was positive in an amount of SEK 198 M. Reported operating income amounted to SEK 1,271 M (767).

Volvo Penta's Joystick Docking won the Innovation Award at the Miami International Boat Show. The Twin Forward Drive, Dynamic Positioning System for twin V6 and V8 propulsion packages, and the refined Water Sport Control were launched to further enhance the boating experience.

Volvo Penta strengthened its power generation portfolio with its most powerful engine, the D17 and introduced its modular and scalable subsystem intended for integration into customers' battery energy storage solutions.

To accelerate entry into the utility sector Volvo Penta acquired a minority stake in Utility Innovation Group (see photo of Battery Energy Storage System above).

| Net order intake and deliveries | First qu | First quarter | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------|--|
| Number of Engines | 2023 | 2022 | Change % | |
| Total orders | 13,489 | 14,315 | -6 | |
| Of which fully electric | 21 | 18 | 17 | |
| Total deliveries | 12,727 | 11,514 | 11 | |
| Of which fully electric | 20 | 6 | 233 | |
| Net sales and operating income | First qu | arter | Change | |
| SEK M | 2023 | 2022 | % | |
| Net sales per geographical region | | | | |
| Europe | 2,973 | 2,344 | 27 | |
| North America | 1,043 | 778 | 34 | |
| South America | 164 | 143 | 14 | |
| Asia | 1,067 | 700 | 52 | |
| Africa and Oceania | 356 | 239 | 49 | |
| Total net sales | 5,603 | 4,204 | 33 | |
| Net sales per product group | | | | |
| Engines | 4,256 | 3,058 | 39 | |
| Services | 1,347 | 1,146 | 18 | |
| Total net sales | 5,603 | 4,204 | 33 | |
| Timing of revenue recognition | | | | |
| Revenue of vehicles and services recognized at the point of delivery | 5,603 | 4,204 | 33 | |
| Revenue of vehicles and services recognized over contract period | - | - | - | |
| Total net sales | 5,603 | 4,204 | 33 | |
| Adjusted operating income ¹ | 1,271 | 769 | 65 | |
| Adjustments | - | -3 | - | |
| Operating income | 1,271 | 767 | 66 | |
| Adjusted operating margin, % | 22.7 | 18.3 | | |
| Operating margin, % | 22.7 | 18.2 | | |
| | | | | |

¹ For more information on adjusted operating income, please see note 6.

FINANCIAL SERVICES

Good portfolio growth and stable performance

- In Q1, new business volume increased 9%, adjusted for currency
- Adjusted operating income of SEK 871 M (882)
- Good portfolio performance

In Q1 2023, customer activity levels and demand for transportation and construction services continued to be high, resulting in continued good portfolio performance in most parts of the world.

When adjusted for currency, new business volume excluding Russia and Belarus was up by 9% compared with Q1 2022 primarily due to higher sales of Group products. Penetration declined in a competitive environment. Overall, the credit portfolio grew by 18% compared with Q1 2022, adjusted for currency.



In Q1, adjusted operating income was in line with prior year at SEK 871 M (882) as profitable portfolio growth was offset by spread compression from prior year financing volumes, higher selling expenses and credit provisions. Currency movements had a positive impact of SEK 42 M compared with Q1 2022.

Reported operating income improved to SEK 871 M from SEK -1,686 M in Q1 2022, which included expenses of SEK -2,568 M primarily related to Russia.

Excluding Russia and Belarus, return on shareholders' equity amounted to 14.8% (17.8).

| Financial Services | First q | uarter |
|--|---------|--------|
| SEK M unless otherwise stated | 2023 | 2022 |
| Number of financed units, 12 months rolling | 67,727 | 69,902 |
| Total penetration rate, 12 months rolling, $\%$ 1 | 27 | 31 |
| New retail financing volume, SEK billion | 25.1 | 22.3 |
| Credit portfolio net, SEK billion | 227 | 179 |
| Credit portfolio net excluding Russian and Belarus operations, SEK billion | 227 | 176 |
| Credit provision expenses | 160 | 3,033 |
| Credit provision expenses excluding Russian and Belarus operations | 126 | 67 |
| Adjusted operating income ² | 871 | 882 |
| Adjustments ² | - | -2,568 |
| Operating income | 871 | -1,686 |
| Credit reserves, % of credit portfolio | 2.88 | 3.38 |
| Credit reserves, % of credit portfolio excluding Russian and Belarus operations | 1.54 | 1.84 |
| Return on equity, 12 months rolling, % | 11.0 | 4.1 |
| Return on equity excluding Russian and Belarus operations, 12 months rolling, % ² | 14.8 | 17.8 |

¹ Share of unit sales financed by Volvo Financial Services in relation to the total number of units sold by the Volvo Group in markets where financial services are offered. $^{2}\ \mathrm{For}\ \mathrm{more}\ \mathrm{information}\ \mathrm{on}\ \mathrm{adjustments},\ \mathrm{please}\ \mathrm{see}\ \mathrm{note}\ \mathrm{6}.$

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT FIRST QUARTER

| | Indus Opera | | Financial S | Services | Elimina | tions | Volvo (| Group |
|--|----------------|---------|-------------|----------|---------|-------|---------|---------|
| SEK M | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Net sales | 127,117 | 102,345 | 5,370 | 3,734 | -1,067 | -762 | 131,420 | 105,317 |
| Cost of sales | -93,602 | -79,327 | -3,577 | -2,135 | 1,067 | 763 | -96,112 | -80,700 |
| Gross income | 33,516 | 23,018 | 1,793 | 1,599 | - | 1 | 35,308 | 24,617 |
| Research and development expenses | -6,492 | -4,583 | - | - | - | - | -6,492 | -4,583 |
| Selling expenses | -7,114 | -6,124 | -780 | -659 | - | - | -7,894 | -6,783 |
| Administrative expenses | -1,659 | -1,318 | -3 | -3 | - | - | -1,663 | -1,321 |
| Other operating income and expenses | -1,841 | -754 | -139 | -2,623 | - | - | -1,980 | -3,377 |
| Income/loss from investments in joint ventures and associated companies | -171 | -123 | - | - | - | - | -171 | -123 |
| Income/loss from other investments | - | 127 | - | - | - | - | - | 127 |
| Operating income | 16,238 | 10,241 | 871 | -1,686 | - | 1 | 17,109 | 8,556 |
| Interest income and similar credits | 729 | 139 | - | - | -158 | -14 | 572 | 125 |
| Interest expenses and similar charges | -472 | -343 | - | - | 158 | 14 | -314 | -328 |
| Other financial income and expenses | -570 | 674 | - | - | - | - | -570 | 674 |
| Income after financial items | 15,926 | 10,712 | 871 | -1,686 | - | 1 | 16,797 | 9,027 |
| Income taxes | -3,614 | -2,243 | -249 | 287 | - | - | -3,863 | -1,956 |
| Income for the period * | 12,312 | 8,469 | 622 | -1,399 | - | - | 12,934 | 7,071 |
| * Attributable to: | | | | | | | | |
| Owners of AB Volvo | | | | | | | 12,910 | 7,033 |
| Non-controlling interest | | | | | | | 24 | 38 |
| | | | | | | | 12,934 | 7,071 |
| Basic earnings per share, SEK | | | | | | | 6.35 | 3.46 |
| Diluted earnings per share, SEK | | | | | | | 6.35 | 3.46 |
| Key ratios, % | | | | | | | | |
| Gross margin | 26.4 | 22.5 | | | | | 26.9 | 23.4 |
| Research and development expenses as $\%$ of net sales | 5.1 | 4.5 | | | | | 4.9 | 4.4 |
| Selling expenses as % of net sales | 5.6 | 6.0 | | | | | 6.0 | 6.4 |
| Administrative expenses as % of net sales | 1.3 | 1.3 | | | | | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| Operating margin | 12.8 | 10.0 | | | | | 13.0 | 8.1 |

CONSOLIDATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FIRST QUARTER

| SEK M | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|--------|--------|
| Income for the period | 12,934 | 7,071 |
| Items that will not be reclassified to income statement: | | |
| Remeasurements of defined benefit pension plans | -744 | 3,060 |
| Remeasurements of holding of shares at fair value | 1 | -25 |
| Items that may be reclassified subsequently to income statement: | | |
| Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations | 69 | 3,023 |
| Share of OCI related to joint ventures and associated companies | 116 | 386 |
| Accumulated translation difference reversed to income | - | - |
| Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes | -558 | 6,444 |
| Total comprehensive income for the period * | 12,376 | 13,515 |
| * Attributable to: | | |
| Owners of AB Volvo | 12,341 | 13,387 |
| Non-controlling interest | 36 | 128 |
| | 12,376 | 13,515 |

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

| | Indus Opera | | Financial | Services | Elimina | ations | Volvo (| Group |
|---|----------------|------------------|-----------|----------|---------|---------|------------------|---------|
| | Mar 31 | Dec 31 | Mar 31 | Dec 31 | Mar 31 | Dec 31 | Mar 31 | Dec 31 |
| SEK M | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Non-current assets Intangible assets | 42,128 | 41,471 | 73 | 73 | _ | _ | 42.202 | 41,544 |
| Tangible assets | 42,120 | 41,471 | 75 | 75 | - | - | 42,202 | 41,044 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 64,245 | 63,112 | 49 | 50 | - | - | 64,294 | 63,162 |
| Assets under operating leases | 34,072 | 34,109 | 20,882 | | -12,155 | -11.963 | 42,799 | 43,518 |
| Financial assets | | - , | -, | , - | , | , | , | -, |
| Investments in Joint Ventures and associated companies | 21,984 | 21,583 | - | - | - | - | 21,984 | 21,583 |
| Other shares and participations | 820 | 587 | 19 | 18 | - | - | 839 | 605 |
| Non-current customer-financing receivables | 1,819 | 1,903 | 108,607 | 105,536 | -2,227 | -2,375 | 108,200 | 105,064 |
| Net pension assets | 2,394 | 2,722 | 1 | 5 | - | - | 2,396 | 2,727 |
| Non-current interest-bearing receivables | 7,613 | 7,227 | 5 | 1,153 | -5,095 | -6,578 | 2,523 | 1,803 |
| Other non-current receivables | 10,288 | 10,997 | 239 | 227 | -201 | -202 | 10,326 | 11,022 |
| Deferred tax assets | 13,516 | 12,219 | 2,083 | 1,969 | - | - | 15,599 | 14,189 |
| Total non-current assets | 198,879 | 195,931 | 131,959 | 130,404 | -19,678 | -21,118 | 311,160 | 305,217 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Current assets | | | | _ | | | | |
| Inventories | 84,503 | 75,382 | 249 | 307 | - | - | 84,751 | 75,689 |
| Current receivables | | | | | | | | |
| Customer-financing receivables | 1,132 | 1,128 | 97,702 | 89,145 | -1,330 | -1,409 | 97,504 | 88,864 |
| Tax assets | 2,037 | 1,489 | 306 | 570 | - | - | 2,343 | 2,059 |
| Interest-bearing receivables | 5,016 | 5,690 | 1,098 | - | -1,124 | -27 | 4,991 | 5,663 |
| Internal funding | 6,565 | 7,991 | - | - | -6,565 | -7,991 | - | - |
| Accounts receivable | 47,179 | 46,672 | 1,635 | 1,548 | - | - | 48,814 | 48,220 |
| Other receivables | 22,515 | 21,390 | 3,511 | 3,302 | -5,685 | -5,319 | 20,341 | 19,373 |
| Marketable securities | 91 | 93 | - | - | - | - | 91 | 93 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 75,340 | 76,005 | 9,764 | 9,688 | -925 | -1,806 | 84,178 | 83,886 |
| Assets held for sale | 247 | - | - | - | - | - | 247 | - |
| Total current assets | | | 114,265 | | -15,629 | -16,553 | | 323,847 |
| Total assets | , | , | 246,224 | | -35,307 | ., | 654,422 | |
| Equity and liabilities | 455 205 | 442.004 | 40 700 | 40 700 | | | 475 005 | 400 747 |
| Equity attributable to owners of AB Volvo | | 143,921 3.519 | 19,700 | 18,796 | - | - | 175,095 | |
| Non-controlling interest | 3,556 | 147,439 | - 19,700 | - 18,796 | | - | 3,556 178,651 | 3,519 |
| Total equity | 150,951 | 147,435 | 19,700 | 10,790 | • | - | 170,051 | 100,230 |
| Non-current provisions | | | | | | | | |
| Provisions for post-employment benefits | 9,615 | 8,690 | 56 | 55 | - | - | 9,671 | 8,745 |
| Other provisions | 12,749 | 12,330 | 79 | 66 | - | - | 12,828 | 12,396 |
| Non-current liabilities | , - | , | | | | | , | , |
| Bond loans | 101,136 | 102,887 | - | - | - | - | 101,136 | 102,887 |
| Other loans | 25,070 | 25,446 | 11,922 | 12,325 | -1,941 | -2,086 | 35,051 | 35,684 |
| Internal funding | -114,152 | -110,254 | 99,873 | 98,310 | 14,279 | 11,944 | - | - |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 2,956 | 3,060 | 2,280 | 2,412 | - | - | 5,235 | 5,472 |
| Other liabilities | 52,020 | 51,351 | 1,518 | 1,467 | -7,693 | -7,270 | 45,845 | 45,549 |
| Current provisions | 13,748 | 13,095 | 21 | 24 | - | - | 13,769 | 13,119 |
| Current liabilities | | | | | | | | |
| Bond loans | 41,379 | 37,794 | - | - | - | - | 41,379 | 37,794 |
| Other loans | 30,052 | 24,666 | 11,559 | 11,163 | -1,202 | -1,247 | 40,409 | 34,583 |
| Internal funding | -59,523 | -50,804 | 88,012 | 79,677 | -28,489 | -28,873 | - | - |
| Trade payables | 91,206 | 89,174 | 1,025 | 1,003 | - | - | 92,231 | 90,177 |
| Tax liabilities | 5,881 | 6,147 | 629 | 760 | - | - | 6,510 | 6,907 |
| Other liabilities | 72,416 | 70,749 | 9,550 | 8,906 | -10,262 | -10,138 | 71,705 | 69,517 |
| Liabilities held for sale | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total equity and liabilities | 443,505 | 431,771 | 246,224 | 234,964 | -35,307 | -37,671 | 654,422 | 629,064 |
| Key ratios, % | | | | | | | | |
| Equity ratio | 35.8 | 34.1 | 8.0 | 8.0 | | | 27.3 | 26.4 |
| Equity attributable to owners of AB Volvo, per share in SEK | 50.0 | U T.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | | 86.1 | 80.0 |
| Return on operating capital ¹ | 57.0 | 50.8 | | | | | 00.1 | 00.0 |
| Return on capital employed ¹ | 30.3 | 27.4 | | | | | | |
| Return on equity ¹ | | | 11.0 | -0.3 | | | 23.6 | 20.7 |
| | | | | 0.0 | | | _0.0 | |

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FIRST QUARTER

| | Indus Operat | | Financial S | Services | Eliminat | tions | Volvo (| Group |
|--|-----------------|-------------|-------------|------------|----------|-------|---------|---------|
| SEK M | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Operating activities | | | | | | | | |
| Operating income | 16,238 | 10,241 | 871 | -1,686 | - | 1 | 17,109 | 8,556 |
| Amortization intangible assets | 740 | 700 | 8 | 9 | - | - | 748 | 709 |
| Depreciation tangible assets | 2,068 | 1,860 | 5 | 6 | - | - | 2,073 | 1,866 |
| Depreciation leasing vehicles | 1,075 | 1,183 | 1,212 | 1,127 | - | - | 2,287 | 2,310 |
| Other non-cash items | 1,859 | 1,829 | 229 | 2,963 | -1 | -15 | 2,087 | 4,777 |
| Total change in working capital whereof | -7,738 | -15,890 | -10,665 | -4,350 | -289 | -20 | -18,693 | -20,260 |
| Change in accounts receivables | 13 | -1,274 | -125 | -6 | - | - | -112 | -1,280 |
| Change in customer-financing receivables | 59 | 4 | -11,102 | -5,160 | -198 | 17 | -11,241 | -5,139 |
| Change in inventories | -9,496 | -7,765 | 54 | -32 | - | - | -9,442 | -7,797 |
| Change in trade payables | 1,899 | -5,428 | 7 | -9 | - | - | 1,907 | -5,437 |
| Other changes in working capital | -214 | -1,426 | 500 | 857 | -92 | -37 | 195 | -606 |
| Dividends received from joint ventures and associated companies | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Interest and similar items received | 724 | 108 | - | - | -158 | 6 | 567 | 114 |
| Interest and similar items paid | -620 | -423 | - | - | 178 | 9 | -441 | -414 |
| Other financial items | -27 | 77 | - | - | - | - | -27 | 77 |
| Income taxes paid | -5,602 | -1,826 | -285 | -276 | - | - | -5,888 | -2,102 |
| Cash flow from operating activities | 8,717 | -2,140 | -8,626 | -2,208 | -270 | -20 | -178 | -4,368 |
| Investing activities | | | | | | | | |
| Investments in intangible assets | -1,315 | -1,345 | -8 | -4 | - | - | -1,324 | -1,348 |
| Investments in tangible assets | -2,463 | -1,947 | -3 | -1 | - | - | -2,466 | -1,948 |
| Investment in leasing vehicles | - | -1 | -1,917 | -2,117 | 28 | 4 | -1,888 | -2,113 |
| Disposals of in-/tangible assets and leasing vehicles | 65 | 32 | 1,228 | 1,391 | -2 | -3 | 1,291 | 1,420 |
| Operating cash flow | 5,004 | -5,400 | -9,326 | -2,939 | -243 | -18 | -4,565 | -8,357 |
| Investments of shares | | | | | | | -673 | -525 |
| Divestment of shares | | | | | | | - | 157 |
| Acquired operations | | | | | | | -9 | - |
| Divested operations | | | | | | | 196 | 153 |
| Interest-bearing receivables incl. marketable securities | | | | | | | -76 | -381 |
| Cash flow after net investments | | | | | | | -5,127 | -8,952 |
| Financing activities | | | | | | | | |
| New borrowings ¹ | | | | | | | 44,727 | 49,163 |
| Repayments of borrowings ¹ | | | | | | | -39,524 | -29,793 |
| Dividend to owners of AB Volvo | | | | | | | - | - |
| Dividend to non-controlling interest | | | | | | | - | - |
| Other | | | | | | | 3 | 37 |
| Change in cash and cash equivalents excl. translation differences | | | | | | | 80 | 10,455 |
| Translation difference on cash and cash equivalents | | | | | | | 212 | 808 |
| Change in cash and cash equivalents | | | | | | | 292 | 11,263 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of quarter | | | | | | | 83,886 | 62,126 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of quarter | | | | | | | 84,178 | 73,388 |
| ¹ The comparative figures are restated due to a reclassification betwee | n new borrowii | nas and rei | navments of | borrowings | | | | |

¹ The comparative figures are restated due to a reclassification between new borrowings and repayments of borrowings.

CONSOLIDATED NET FINANCIAL POSITION

| Net financial position excl. post-employment benefits and lease liabilities | | Industrial Operations | | aroup |
|---|----------------|--------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| SEK bn | Mar 31 2023 | Dec 31 2022 | Mar 31 2023 | Dec 31 2022 |
| Non-current interest-bearing assets | | | | |
| Non-current customer-financing receivables | - | - | 108.2 | 105.1 |
| Non-current interest-bearing receivables | 7.6 | 7.2 | 2.5 | 1.8 |
| Current interest-bearing assets | | | | |
| Customer-financing receivables | - | - | 97.5 | 88.9 |
| Interest-bearing receivables | 5.0 | 5.7 | 5.0 | 5.7 |
| Internal funding | 6.6 | 8.0 | - | - |
| Marketable securities | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 75.3 | 76.0 | 84.2 | 83.9 |
| Total interest-bearing financial assets | 94.6 | 97.0 | 297.5 | 285.4 |
| Non-current interest-bearing liabilities | | | | |
| Bond loans | -101.1 | -102.9 | -101.1 | -102.9 |
| Other loans | -20.0 | -20.6 | -30.0 | -30.9 |
| Internal funding | 114.2 | 110.3 | - | - |
| Current interest-bearing liabilities | | | | |
| Bond loans | -41.4 | -37.8 | -41.4 | -37.8 |
| Other loans | -28.1 | -22.9 | -38.5 | -32.8 |
| Internal funding | 59.5 | 50.8 | - | - |
| Total interest-bearing financial liabilities excl. lease liabilities | -16.9 | -23.1 | -211.0 | -204.4 |
| Net financial position excl. post-employment benefits and lease liabilities | 77.7 | 73.9 | 86.5 | 81.0 |

| Provisions for post-employment benefits and lease liabilities, net | Industrial Operations | | | |
|--|--------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| SEK bn | Mar 31 2023 | Dec 31 2022 | Mar 31 2023 | Dec 31 2022 |
| Non-current lease liabilities | -5.1 | -4.8 | -5.0 | -4.8 |
| Current lease liabilities | -1.9 | -1.8 | -1.9 | -1.8 |
| Provisions for post-employment benefits, net | -7.2 | -6.0 | -7.3 | -6.0 |
| Provisions for post-employment benefits and lease liabilities, net | -14.2 | -12.6 | -14.2 | -12.6 |

| Net financial position incl. post-employment benefits and lease liabilities | Industrial Operations | | Volvo (| Group |
|---|--------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| SEK bn | Mar 31 2023 | Dec 31 2022 | Mar 31 2023 | Dec 31 2022 |
| Net financial position excl. post-employment benefits and lease liabilities | 77.7 | 73.9 | 86.5 | 81.0 |
| Provisions for post-employment benefits and lease liabilities, net | -14.2 | -12.6 | -14.2 | -12.6 |
| Net financial position incl. post-employment benefits and lease liabilities | 63.4 | 61.3 | 72.3 | 68.4 |

CHANGES IN NET FINANCIAL POSITION, INDUSTRIAL OPERATIONS

| | First quarter |
|---|---------------|
| SEK bn | 2023 |
| Net financial position excl. post-employment benefits and lease liabilities at the end of previous period | 73.9 |
| Operating cash flow | 5.0 |
| Investments and divestments of shares, net | -0.7 |
| Acquired and divested operations, net | 0.2 |
| Capital injections to/from Financial Services | -0.4 |
| Currency effect | 0.4 |
| Dividend to owners of AB Volvo | - |
| Dividend to non-controlling interest | - |
| Other changes | -0.7 |
| Net financial position excl. post-employment benefits and lease liabilities at the end of period | 77.7 |
| Provisions for post-employment benefits and lease liabilities at the end of previous period | -12.6 |
| Pension payments, included in operating cash flow | 0.1 |
| Remeasurements of defined post-employment benefits | -1.0 |
| Service costs and other pension costs | -0.3 |
| Investments, remeasurements and amortizations of lease contracts | -0.4 |
| Currency effect | - |
| Other changes | -0.1 |
| Provisions for post-employment benefits and lease liabilities at the end of period | -14.2 |
| Net financial position incl. post-employment benefits and lease liabilities at the end of period | 63.4 |

CHANGES IN CONSOLIDATED EQUITY

| SEK M | Equity attributable to owners of AB Volvo | Non-controlling interest | Total equity |
|---|--|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Balance as of December 31, 2021 | 141,045 | 3,073 | 144,118 |
| Income for the period | 32,722 | 247 | 32,969 |
| Other comprehensive income for the period | 15,417 | 179 | 15,596 |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | 48,140 | 425 | 48,565 |
| Dividend | -26,435 | -19 | -26,454 |
| Changes in non-controlling interests | - | 40 | 40 |
| Other changes | -33 | - | -33 |
| Transactions with shareholders | -26,468 | 20 | -26,447 |
| Balance as of December 31, 2022 | 162,717 | 3,519 | 166,236 |
| Income for the period | 12,910 | 24 | 12,934 |
| Other comprehensive income for the period | -570 | 12 | -558 |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | 12,341 | 36 | 12,376 |
| Dividend | - | - | - |
| Changes in non-controlling interests | - | 2 | 2 |
| Other changes | 38 | - | 37 |
| Transactions with shareholders | 38 | 2 | 39 |
| Balance as of March 31, 2023 | 175,095 | 3,556 | 178,651 |

QUARTERLY FIGURES

| Income Statements, Volvo Group | | | | | |
|---|--------|----------|---------|---------|---------|
| SEK M unless otherwise stated | 1/2023 | 4/2022 | 3/2022 | 2/2022 | 1/2022 |
| Net sales | | 134,302 | | 118,943 | 105,317 |
| Cost of sales | - | -103,227 | -87,594 | -90,221 | -80,700 |
| Gross income | 35,308 | 31,076 | 27,324 | 28,721 | 24,617 |
| Research and development expenses | -6,492 | -6,893 | -5,595 | -5,454 | -4,583 |
| Selling expenses | -7,894 | -8,239 | -7,046 | -6,977 | -6,783 |
| Administrative expenses | -1,663 | -1,744 | -1,383 | -1,432 | -1,321 |
| Other operating income and expenses | -1,980 | -2,292 | -896 | -809 | -3,377 |
| Income/loss from investments in Joint Ventures and associated companies | -171 | -351 | -536 | -323 | -123 |
| Income/loss from other investments | - | -15 | 1 | 19 | 127 |
| Operating income | 17,109 | 11,541 | 11,869 | 13,745 | 8,556 |
| Interest income and similar credits | 572 | 453 | 247 | 182 | 125 |
| Interest expenses and similar charges | -314 | -338 | -262 | -277 | -328 |
| Other financial income and expenses | -570 | -1,237 | -96 | 222 | 674 |
| Income after financial items | 16,797 | 10,420 | 11,758 | 13,873 | 9,027 |
| Income taxes | -3,863 | -3,730 | -3,071 | -3,352 | -1,956 |
| Income for the period * | 12,934 | 6,690 | 8,687 | 10,520 | 7,071 |
| * Attributable to: | .2,001 | 0,000 | 0,001 | 10,020 | ., |
| Owners of AB Volvo | 12,910 | 6,620 | 8,627 | 10,443 | 7,033 |
| Non-controlling interest | 24 | 70 | 61 | 78 | 38 |
| | 12,934 | 6,690 | 8,687 | 10,520 | 7,071 |
| Key ratios, Volvo Group, % | | | | | , |
| Gross margin | 26.9 | 23.1 | 23.8 | 24.1 | 23.4 |
| Research and development expenses as % of net sales | 4.9 | 5.1 | 4.9 | 4.6 | 4.4 |
| Selling expenses as % of net sales | 6.0 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 5.9 | 6.4 |
| Administrative expenses as % of net sales | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
| Operating margin | 13.0 | 8.6 | 10.3 | 11.6 | 8.1 |
| Key ratios, Industrial Operations, % | | | | | |
| Gross margin | 26.4 | 22.5 | 23.0 | 23.4 | 22.5 |
| Research and development expenses as $\%$ of net sales | 5.1 | 5.3 | 5.0 | 4.7 | 4.5 |
| Selling expenses as % of net sales | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.4 | 6.0 |
| Administrative expenses as % of net sales | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
| Operating margin | 12.8 | 8.2 | 9.9 | 11.2 | 10.0 |
| EBITDA margin, Industrial Operations | | | | | |
| Operating income Industrial Operations | 16,238 | 10,678 | 10,990 | 12,953 | 10,241 |
| Product and software development, amortization | 696 | 723 | 712 | 697 | 667 |
| Other intangible assets, amortization | 44 | 33 | 27 | 26 | 33 |
| Tangible assets, depreciation | 3,143 | 3,784 | 3,090 | 3,093 | 3,043 |
| Total depreciation and amortization | 3,883 | 4,541 | 3,828 | 3,816 | 3,743 |
| Operating income before depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) | 20,121 | 15,219 | 14,818 | 16,769 | 13,984 |
| EBITDA margin, % | 15.8 | 11.7 | 13.3 | 14.5 | 13.7 |
| Net capitalization of research and development | | | | | |
| Capitalization | 1,208 | 1,114 | 972 | 1,296 | 1,324 |
| Amortization | -657 | -677 | -673 | -658 | -628 |
| Net capitalization and amortization | 551 | 438 | 300 | 638 | 696 |
| | | | | | |
| Return on operating capital in Industrial Operations, $\%$ ¹ | 57.0 | 50.8 | 50.1 | 50.6 | 50.7 |
| Return on capital employed in Industrial Operations, % ¹ | 30.3 | 27.4 | 27.4 | 26.8 | 25.3 |
| 1 | | | | | |

¹ 12 months rolling.

QUARTERLY FIGURES

| Net sales | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| SEK M | 1/2023 | 4/2022 | 3/2022 | 2/2022 | 1/2022 |
| Trucks | 89,556 | 87,303 | 75,078 | 78,603 | 69,552 |
| Construction Equipment | 25,109 | 27,596 | 24,238 | 25,814 | 22,613 |
| Buses | 4,267 | 6,654 | 4,817 | 4,062 | 3,051 |
| Volvo Penta | 5,603 | 4,849 | 4,451 | 4,597 | 4,204 |
| Group Functions & Other | 3,779 | 4,985 | 3,793 | 3,750 | 3,848 |
| Eliminations | -1,195 | -1,175 | -950 | -1,106 | -923 |
| Industrial Operations | 127,117 | 130,212 | 111,427 | 115,719 | 102,345 |
| Financial Services | 5,370 | 5,124 | 4,430 | 4,067 | 3,734 |
| Reclassifications and eliminations | -1,067 | -1,033 | -940 | -844 | -762 |
| Volvo Group | 131,420 | 134,301 | 114,917 | 118,943 | 105,317 |

| Operating income | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| SEK M | 1/2023 | 4/2022 | 3/2022 | 2/2022 | 1/2022 |
| Trucks | 12,854 | 7,644 | 7,539 | 9,551 | 7,243 |
| Construction Equipment | 4,587 | 3,093 | 3,541 | 3,568 | 2,703 |
| Buses | -1,261 | 228 | 99 | 7 | 20 |
| Volvo Penta | 1,271 | 468 | 593 | 699 | 767 |
| Group Functions & Other | -1,225 | -754 | -778 | -890 | -489 |
| Eliminations | 12 | -1 | -4 | 19 | -3 |
| Industrial Operations | 16,238 | 10,678 | 10,990 | 12,953 | 10,241 |
| Financial Services | 871 | 863 | 879 | 792 | -1,686 |
| Reclassifications and eliminations | - | 1 | 1 | - | 1 |
| Volvo Group | 17,109 | 11,541 | 11,869 | 13,745 | 8,556 |

| Adjusted operating income ¹ | | | | | |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| SEK M | 1/2023 | 4/2022 | 3/2022 | 2/2022 | 1/2022 |
| Trucks | 12,715 | 8,274 | 7,307 | 9,551 | 8,690 |
| Construction Equipment | 4,587 | 3,093 | 3,773 | 3,568 | 2,810 |
| Buses | 178 | 228 | 99 | 7 | 20 |
| Volvo Penta | 1,271 | 468 | 593 | 699 | 769 |
| Group Functions & Other | -1,225 | -754 | -778 | -890 | -488 |
| Eliminations | 12 | -1 | -4 | 19 | -3 |
| Industrial Operations | 17,538 | 11,308 | 10,990 | 12,953 | 11,798 |
| Financial Services | 871 | 863 | 879 | 792 | 882 |
| Reclassifications and eliminations | - | 1 | 1 | - | 1 |
| Volvo Group adjusted operating income | 18,409 | 12,171 | 11,869 | 13,745 | 12,681 |

¹ For more information on adjusted operating income, please see note 6.

| Operating margin | | | | | |
|------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| % | 1/2023 | 4/2022 | 3/2022 | 2/2022 | 1/2022 |
| Trucks | 14.4 | 8.8 | 10.0 | 12.2 | 10.4 |
| Construction Equipment | 18.3 | 11.2 | 14.6 | 13.8 | 12.0 |
| Buses | -29.6 | 3.4 | 2.0 | 0.2 | 0.7 |
| Volvo Penta | 22.7 | 9.7 | 13.3 | 15.2 | 18.2 |
| Industrial Operations | 12.8 | 8.2 | 9.9 | 11.2 | 10.0 |
| Volvo Group | 13.0 | 8.6 | 10.3 | 11.6 | 8.1 |

| Adjusted operating margin | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| % | 1/2023 | 4/2022 | 3/2022 | 2/2022 | 1/2022 |
| Trucks | 14.2 | 9.5 | 9.7 | 12.2 | 12.5 |
| Construction Equipment | 18.3 | 11.2 | 15.6 | 13.8 | 12.4 |
| Buses | 4.2 | 3.4 | 2.0 | 0.2 | 0.7 |
| Volvo Penta | 22.7 | 9.7 | 13.3 | 15.2 | 18.3 |
| Industrial Operations | 13.8 | 8.7 | 9.9 | 11.2 | 11.5 |
| Volvo Group adjusted operating margin | 14.0 | 9.1 | 10.3 | 11.6 | 12.0 |

QUARTERLY FIGURES

| Share data | | | | | |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | 1/2023 | 4/2022 | 3/2022 | 2/2022 | 1/2022 |
| Earnings per share, SEK ¹ | 6.35 | 3.26 | 4.24 | 5.14 | 3.46 |
| Earnings per share, SEK ¹ , 12 months rolling | 18.98 | 16.09 | 16.77 | 15.99 | 15.23 |
| Diluted earnings per share, SEK | 6.35 | 3.26 | 4.24 | 5.14 | 3.46 |
| Number of outstanding shares in millions | 2,033 | 2,033 | 2,033 | 2,033 | 2,033 |
| Average number of shares before dilution in millions | 2,033 | 2,033 | 2,033 | 2,033 | 2,033 |
| Average number of shares after dilution in millions | 2,033 | 2,033 | 2,033 | 2,033 | 2,033 |
| Number of own shares in millions | - | - | - | - | - |
| Average number of own shares in millions | - | - | - | - | - |

¹ Earnings per share are calculated as Income for the period (excl. Non-controlling interest) divided by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period.

NOTE 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Volvo Group applies International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as endorsed by the EU. The accounting policies and definitions are consistently applied with those described in the Volvo Group Annual Report 2022 (available at www.volvogroup.com). As from January 1, 2023, a new long-term incentive plan has been adopted by the Annual General Meeting. The plan is accounted for in accordance with IFRS 2 Share-based payments. There are no other

new accounting policies applicable from 2023 that materially affects the Volvo Group.

This interim report has been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting and the Swedish Annual Accounts Act. The Parent Company applies the Swedish Annual Accounts Act and RFR 2 Reporting for legal entities.

NOTE 2 | RISKS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

Each of the Volvo Group's Business Areas and Truck Divisions monitors and manages risks in its operations. In addition, the Volvo Group utilizes a centralized Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) reporting process, which is a systematic and structured framework for reporting and reviewing risk assessments and mitigations as well as for follow-up on identified risks.

The ERM process classifies Volvo Group risks into five categories:

Macro and market related risks – such as the cyclical nature of the commercial vehicles industry, intense competition, extensive government regulations, political instability and security;

Operational risks – such as transformation and technology risk, new business models, risks related to industrial operations, reliance on suppliers and scarce materials, cost inflation and price increases, cybersecurity and IT infrastructure, strategic transactions such as mergers and acquisitions, partnerships and divestments as well as residual value commitments;

Climate and people risks – such as pandemics, climate and risk related to people and culture as well as human rights;

Compliance risks – such as non-compliance with data protection laws, protection and maintenance of intangible assets, legal proceedings and corruption and non-compliance with competition law; and

Financial risks – such as insurance coverage, credit risk, pension commitments, interest level and currency fluctuations, liquidity risks, as well as impairment on goodwill and other intangible assets.

For a more elaborate description of these risks, please refer to the Risk Management section on pages 68-73 in the Volvo Group Annual Report 2022.

Risk updates

Short-term risks, when applicable, are also described in the respective segment section of this report.

Update on supply situation and inflationary pressure

Our ability to deliver according to market demand depends significantly on obtaining a timely and adequate supply of materials, components and other vital services, as well as on our ability to properly utilize the capacity in the Group's different production and services facilities. At present, our supply chain and industrial system are strained in many areas due to e.g. shortages of labor, materials and components, and transport services. Further strains on the supply chain may also evolve from other events, including financial distress of suppliers and consequences of the war in Ukraine. There might be supply chain disturbances and stoppages in production going forward. Such disturbances could lead to higher costs and interruptions in production and delivery of Group products and services, that could have a material negative impact on the Group's financial performance.

The Group might experience higher input costs from increased prices on e.g. purchased material, freight and energy as well as higher labor costs. If the Group is unable to compensate for the higher input costs through increased prices on products and services sold, this could have a negative impact on the Group's financial performance

Accounts receivable

Due to the prevailing business model in the construction equipment industry in China, with long payment terms to customers, a substantial part of the Volvo Group's accounts receivable is related to customers in this market. The weakened Chinese construction equipment market is currently impacting customers' and dealers' profitability negatively. This might affect their ability to honor their obligations to the Group and may consequently have a material adverse effect on the Group's financial result and position. Detected premature degradation of emissions control component

As previously communicated, the Volvo Group has detected that an emissions control component used in certain markets and models, may degrade more quickly than expected, affecting the vehicles emission performance negatively. The Volvo Group made a provision of SEK 7 billion impacting the operating income in Q4 2018, relating to the estimated costs to address the issue. Negative cash flow effects started in 2019 and will continue in the coming years. The Volvo Group will continuously assess the size of the provision as the matter develops.

Financial impact from the war in Ukraine

In Q1 2022, the Volvo Group reported that out of the Group's total assets related to Russia of approximately SEK 9 billion, SEK 4.1 billion had been provisioned for and impacting operating income negatively in Q1 2022. As of the end of this quarter, the Group's total exposure for additional impairment needs related to Russia largely remains unchanged. In 2021, approximately 3% of the Group's net sales were attributable to Russia.

The Group follows developments closely, but the situation with rapid and sometimes unpredictable changes may persist. No predictions can hence be made on the full impact from the war and ensuing sanctions on Group's assets in the region or on the general economic development. Further write-downs of the Group's assets related to Russia may be necessary in the coming periods, which could have a materially adverse effect on the Group's financial result, cash flow and financial position.

Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

The reported amounts for contingent liabilities reflect a part of Volvo Group's risk exposure. Total contingent liabilities as of March 31, 2023, amounted to SEK 17.3 billion, an decrease of SEK 0.9 billion compared to December 31, 2022. The gross exposure of SEK 17.3 billion is partly reduced by counter guarantees and collaterals.

Legal proceedings

Starting in January 2011, the Volvo Group, together with a number of other truck manufacturers, was investigated by the European Commission in relation to a possible violation of EU antitrust rules. In July 2016 the European Commission adopted a settlement decision against the Volvo Group and other truck manufacturers finding that they were involved in an antitrust infringement which, in the case of the Volvo Group, covered a 14-year period from 1997 to 2011. The Volvo Group paid a monetary fine of EUR 670 million.

Following the adoption of the European Commission's settlement decision, the Volvo Group has received and is defending itself against a significant number of private damages claims brought by

customers and other third parties alleging that they suffered loss, directly or indirectly, by reason of the conduct covered in the decision. The claims relate primarily to Volvo Group trucks sold during the 14-year period of the infringement and, in some cases, to trucks sold in certain periods after the infringement ended. Some claims have also been made against the Volvo Group that relate to trucks sold by other manufacturers. The truck manufacturers subject to the 2016 settlement decision are, in most countries, jointly and severally liable for any losses arising from the infringement.

In the region of 3,000 claims are being brought in over 20 countries (including EU Member States, the United Kingdom, Norway and Israel) by large numbers of claimants either acting individually or as part of a wider group or class of claimants. Further claims may be commenced. The litigation in many countries can be expected to run for several years.

Several hundred thousand trucks sold by the Volvo Group are currently subject to claims against it or other truck manufacturers, with claimants alleging that the infringement resulted in an increase in the prices paid for Volvo Group trucks which directly or indirectly caused them loss.

The Volvo Group maintains its firm view that no damage was caused to its customers or any third party by the conduct set out in the settlement decision, and in fact, the Commission did not assess any potential effects on the market. The transaction prices our customers paid for their trucks were unaffected by the infringement and were the outcome of individual negotiations across all elements of their purchasing requirements, including not only the prices for new trucks but also (where relevant) associated products and services sold together with new trucks such as service contracts, financing, buy-back guarantees etc.

Litigation developments so far have been mixed with some adverse developments, although uncertainty remains high and it is inherent in complex litigation that outlooks and risks fluctuate over time.

At this stage it is not possible to make a reliable estimate of the total liability that could arise from such proceedings given the complexity of the claims and the different (and in some cases relatively early) stages to which national proceedings have progressed. However, the litigation is substantial in scale and any adverse outcome or outcomes of some or all of the litigation, depending on the nature and extent of such outcomes, may have a material negative impact on the Volvo Group's financial results, cash flows and financial position. The Volvo Group has recognized costs, besides legal fees to advisors, which relate to certain limited aspects of the litigation that are currently possible to estimate and where an outflow of resources is probable. This is Volvo Group's current assessment, which may change depending on the progress of the litigation.

NOTE 3 | ACQUISITIONS AND DIVESTMENTS

The Volvo Group has not made any acquisitions or divestments of operations during Q1 that have had a material impact on the financial statements.

Assets held for sale amounted to net SEK 247 M (-) as of March 31, 2023 mainly related to planned property divestments.

NOTE 4 | CURRENCY AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value of financial instruments

Valuation principles and classifications of Volvo Group financial instruments, as described in Volvo Group Annual Report 2022 Note 30, have been consistently applied throughout the reporting period. Financial instruments in the Volvo Group reported at fair value through profit and loss consist mainly of interest and currency derivatives. Derivatives with positive fair values amounted to SEK 6.5 billion (6.3) and derivatives with negative fair values amounted to SEK 8.8 billion (9.0) as of March 31, 2023.

The derivatives are accounted for on gross basis. Financial liabilities valued at amortized cost, reported as current and non-current bond loans and other loans, amounted to SEK 212.2 billion (205.0) in reported carrying value with a fair value of SEK 208.5 billion (201.3). In the Volvo Group consolidated financial position, financial liabilities include loan-related derivatives with negative fair values amounting to SEK 5.8 billion (5.9).

| Currency effect on operating income, Volvo Group | Compare | 2 | |
|--|-----------------------|--------------------|--------|
| SEK M | First quarter 2023 | First quarter 2022 | Change |
| Net flow in foreign currency | | | 413 |
| Realized and unrealized gains and losses on derivatives | -1 | - | -1 |
| Unrealized gains and losses on receivables and liabilities in foreign currency | 241 | -62 | 303 |
| Translation effect on operating income in foreign subsidiaries | | | 954 |
| Total currency effect on operating income, Volvo Group | | | 1,669 |

| Applicable currency rates | Quarterly excha | Quarterly exchange rates | | 5 |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | First quarter 2023 | First quarter 2022 | Mar 31 2023 | Mar 31 2022 |
| BRL | 2.01 | 1.79 | 2.03 | 1.94 |
| CNY | 1.52 | 1.47 | 1.51 | 1.46 |
| EUR | 11.20 | 10.48 | 11.28 | 10.34 |
| GBP | 12.68 | 12.53 | 12.81 | 12.17 |
| KRW | 0.0082 | 0.0078 | 0.0079 | 0.0076 |
| USD | 10.43 | 9.34 | 10.35 | 9.26 |

NOTE 5 | TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

| | Sales of goods, services Purchases of goods, se and other income and other expense | | | |
|----------------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| SEK M | First quarter 2023 | First quarter 2022 | First quarter 2023 | First quarter 2022 |
| Associated companies | 513 | 175 | 52 | 23 |
| Joint ventures | 391 | 382 | 325 | 314 |

| | Receivables | ; | Payables | |
|----------------------|-------------|--------|----------|--------|
| | Mar 31 | Dec 31 | Mar 31 | Dec 31 |
| SEK M | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Associated companies | 325 | 113 | 52 | 63 |
| Joint ventures | 396 | 472 | 88 | 122 |

NOTE 6 | RECONCILIATION OF ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME

| Adjusted operating income | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| SEK M | 1/2023 | 4/2022 | 3/2022 | 2/2022 | 1/2022 |
| Trucks | 12,715 | 8,274 | 7,307 | 9,551 | 8,690 |
| Construction Equipment | 4,587 | 3,093 | 3,773 | 3,568 | 2,810 |
| Buses | 178 | 228 | 99 | 7 | 20 |
| Volvo Penta | 1,271 | 468 | 593 | 699 | 769 |
| Group Functions & Other | -1,225 | -754 | -778 | -890 | -488 |
| Eliminations | 12 | -1 | -4 | 19 | -3 |
| Industrial Operations | 17,538 | 11,308 | 10,990 | 12,953 | 11,798 |
| Financial Services | 871 | 863 | 879 | 792 | 882 |
| Reclassifications and eliminations | - | 1 | 1 | - | 1 |
| Volvo Group adjusted operating income | 18,409 | 12,171 | 11,869 | 13,745 | 12,681 |

| Adjustments | | | | | |
|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| SEK M | 1/2023 | 4/2022 | 3/2022 | 2/2022 | 1/2022 |
| Adjustment items (segment) | | | | | |
| Restructuring charges relating to the European bus operation (Buses) | -1,300 | - | - | - | - |
| Previously announced provision for premature degradation of an emission control component | | | | | |
| Trucks | 139 | - | - | - | - |
| Buses | -139 | - | - | - | - |
| Costs relating to claims arising from the European Commission's 2016 antitrust settlement decision (Trucks) | - | -630 | - | - | - |
| Financial impact related to Russia: | | | | | |
| Trucks | - | - | 232 | - | -1,447 |
| Construction Equipment | - | - | -232 | - | -106 |
| Volvo Penta | - | - | - | - | -3 |
| Group Functions & Other | - | - | - | - | -1 |
| Financial Services | - | - | - | - | -2,568 |
| Total adjustments | | | | | |
| Trucks | 139 | -630 | 232 | - | -1,447 |
| Construction Equipment | - | - | -232 | - | -106 |
| Buses | -1,439 | - | - | - | - |
| Volvo Penta | - | - | - | - | -3 |
| Group Functions & Other | - | - | - | - | -1 |
| Industrial Operations | -1,300 | -630 | - | - | -1,557 |
| Financial Services | - | - | - | - | -2,568 |
| Reclassifications and eliminations | - | - | - | - | |
| Volvo Group | -1,300 | -630 | - | - | -4,125 |

| Operating income | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| SEK M | 1/2023 | 4/2022 | 3/2022 | 2/2022 | 1/2022 |
| Trucks | 12,854 | 7,644 | 7,539 | 9,551 | 7,243 |
| Construction Equipment | 4,587 | 3,093 | 3,541 | 3,568 | 2,703 |
| Buses | -1,261 | 228 | 99 | 7 | 20 |
| Volvo Penta | 1,271 | 468 | 593 | 699 | 767 |
| Group Functions & Other | -1,225 | -754 | -778 | -890 | -489 |
| Eliminations | 12 | -1 | -4 | 19 | -3 |
| Industrial Operations | 16,238 | 10,678 | 10,990 | 12,953 | 10,241 |
| Financial Services | 871 | 863 | 879 | 792 | -1,686 |
| Reclassifications and eliminations | - | 1 | 1 | - | 1 |
| Volvo Group | 17,109 | 11,541 | 11,869 | 13,745 | 8,556 |

For reconciliation of other key ratios, see www.volvogroup.com

PARENT COMPANY

Income from investments in group companies for the first quarter includes additional payment of earnout from divestment of UD Trucks amounting to SEK 49 M. The first quarter previous year included dividends of SEK 3,814 M.

Financial net debt amounted to SEK 3,978 M (22,213) at the end of the first quarter .

| Income statement | First qu | arter |
|--|----------|-------|
| SEK M | 2023 | 2022 |
| Net sales ¹ | 70 | 65 |
| Cost of sales ¹ | -70 | -65 |
| Gross income | - | - |
| Operating expenses ¹ | -368 | -303 |
| Operating income (loss) | -368 | -303 |
| Income from investments in group companies | 49 | 3,814 |
| Income from investments in joint ventures and associated companies | - | - |
| Income from investments, other shares and participations | - | - |
| Interest income and expenses | -160 | -71 |
| Other financial income and expenses | -54 | 22 |
| Income after financial items | -533 | 3,462 |
| Appropriations | - | - |
| Income taxes | 91 | 60 |
| Income for the period | -442 | 3,522 |

¹ Of net sales in the first quarter, SEK 67 M (61) pertained to group companies, while purchases from group companies amounted to SEK 106 M (80).

| Other comprehensive income | | |
|---|------|-------|
| Income for the period | -442 | 3,522 |
| Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes | - | - |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | -442 | 3,522 |

| Balance sheet | | |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| SEK M | Mar 31 2023 | Dec 31 2022 |
| SER MI | 2023 | 2022 |
| Assets | | |
| Non-current assets | | |
| Tangible assets | 7 | 7 |
| Financial assets | | |
| Shares and participations in group companies | 70,987 | 70,987 |
| Investments in joint ventures and associated companies | 8,946 | 8,946 |
| Other shares and participations | 2 | 2 |
| Other long-term receivables | 438 | 593 |
| Deferred tax assets | 307 | 217 |
| Total non-current assets | 80,687 | 80,752 |
| Current assets | | |
| Current receivables from group companies | 146 | 29,316 |
| Other current receivables | 304 | 251 |
| Tax assets | 605 | - |
| Total current assets | 1,055 | 29,567 |
| Total assets | 81,742 | 110,319 |
| Equity and liabilities | | |
| Equity | | |
| Restricted equity | 9,899 | 9,899 |
| Unrestricted equity | 59,062 | 59,504 |
| Total Equity | 68,961 | 69,403 |
| Untaxed reserves | 7,500 | 7,500 |
| Provisions | 257 | 259 |
| Non-current liabilities ¹ | 480 | 405 |
| Current liabilities ² | 4,544 | 32,752 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 81,742 | 110,319 |

 1 Of which SEK 475 M (400) pertains to group companies. 2 Of which SEK 3,843 M (28,819) pertains to group companies.

Events after the balance sheet date

For important events, please see page 6. No other significant events have occurred after the end of the first quarter 2023 that are expected to have a material effect on the Volvo Group.

> Gothenburg, April 20, 2023 AB Volvo (publ)

> > Martin Lundstedt President and CEO

This report has not been reviewed by AB Volvo's auditors.

NET ORDER INTAKE

| Net order intake of trucks | First qu | larter | |
|--|----------------|----------------|-------------|
| Number of trucks | 2023 | 2022 | Change % |
| | 2023 | 2022 | 70 |
| Net order intake | | | 05 |
| Europe | 31,290 | 24,984 | 25 |
| Heavy- and medium-duty | 26,055 | 19,631 | 33 |
| Light-duty | 5,235 | 5,353 | -2 |
| North America | 15,159 | 6,017 | 152 |
| South America | 5,212 | 7,354 | -29 |
| Asia | 5,336 | 4,766 | 12 |
| Africa and Oceania | 3,043 | 2,473 | 23 |
| Total order intake | 60,040 | 45,594 | 32 |
| Heavy-duty (>16 tons) | 49,901 | 36,861 | 35 |
| Medium-duty (7-16 tons) | 4,831 | 3,272 | 48 |
| Light-duty (<7 tons) | 5,308 | 5,461 | -3 |
| Total order intake | 60,040 | 45,594 | 32 |
| | | | |
| Net order intake of trucks by brand | | | |
| Volvo | | | |
| Europe | 17,367 | 10,937 | 59 |
| North America | 7,554 | 4,220 | 79 |
| South America | 4,924 | 7,020 | -30 |
| Asia | 4,232 | 3,357 | 26 |
| Africa and Oceania | 1,879 | 1,623 | 16 |
| Total Volvo | 35,956 | 27,157 | 32 |
| Heavy-duty (>16 tons) | 34,742 | 25,816 | 35 |
| Medium-duty (7-16 tons) | 1,214 | 1,341 | -9 |
| Total Volvo | 35,956 | 27,157 | 32 |
| Renault Trucks | | | |
| | 13,923 | 14,047 | -1 |
| Europe Heavy- and medium-duty | 8,688 | 8,694 | |
| Light-duty | 5,235 | 5,353 | -2 |
| North America | 50 S | 65 | -23 |
| South America | 127 | 116 | -23 |
| Asia | 1,104 | 1,409 | -22 |
| Africa and Oceania | 537 | 504 | 7 |
| Total Renault Trucks | 15,741 | 16,141 | -2 |
| | 8,528 | 9,065 | -6 |
| Heavy-duty (>16 tons) Medium-duty (7-16 tons) | 8,528 1,905 | 9,005 1,615 | -0 18 |
| Light-duty (7 tons) | 5,308 | 5,461 | -3 |
| Total Renault Trucks | 15,741 | 16,141 | 3 -2 |
| | 10,111 | , | - |
| Mack | | | |
| North America | 7,555 | 1,732 | 336 |
| South America | 149 | 172 | -13 |
| Africa and Oceania | 229 | 127 | 80 |
| Total Mack | 7,933 | 2,031 | 291 |
| Heavy-duty (>16 tons) | 6,268 | 1,816 | 245 |
| Medium-duty (7-16 tons) | 1,665 | 215 | 674 |
| Total Mack | 7,933 | 2,031 | 291 |
| | | | |

DELIVERIES

| Deliveries of trucks | First quarter | | |
|--|---------------|---------------|-------------|
| Number of trucks | 2023 | 2022 | Change % |
| Deliveries | 2020 | 2022 | 70 |
| | 32,850 | 29,089 | 13 |
| Europe | 26,702 | 29,009 | 10 |
| Heavy- and medium-duty | 6,148 | 4,813 | 28 |
| Light-duty | | | |
| North America | 16,011 | 13,908 | 15 |
| South America | 4,475 | 6,245 | -28 |
| Asia | 5,742 | 3,697 | 55 |
| Africa and Oceania | 2,453 | 2,649 | -7 |
| Total deliveries | 61,531 | 55,588 | 11 |
| Heavy-duty (>16 tons) | 50,684 | 46,889 | 8 |
| Medium-duty (7-16 tons) | 4,604 | 3,818 | 21 |
| Light-duty (<7 tons) | 6,243 | 4,881 | 28 |
| Total deliveries | 61,531 | 55,588 | 11 |
| Deliveries of trucks by brand | | | |
| Volvo | | | |
| Europe | 17,189 | 15,638 | 10 |
| North America | 8,306 | 7,640 | .0 |
| South America | 4,297 | 6,030 | -29 |
| Asia | 4,449 | 2,913 | 53 |
| Africa and Oceania | 1,548 | 1,640 | -6 |
| Total Volvo | 35,789 | 33,861 | 6 |
| | 34,705 | 33,050 | 5 |
| Heavy-duty (>16 tons) | 1,084 | 33,050 811 | 34 |
| Medium-duty (7-16 tons) Total Volvo | 35,789 | 33,861 | <u> </u> |
| | 55,765 | 55,001 | Ũ |
| Renault Trucks | | | |
| Europe | 15,661 | 13,451 | 16 |
| Heavy- and medium-duty | 9,513 | 8,638 | 10 |
| Light-duty | 6,148 | 4,813 | 28 |
| North America | 50 | 23 | 117 |
| South America | 81 | 128 | -37 |
| Asia | 1,293 | 784 | 65 |
| Africa and Oceania | 411 | 354 | 16 |
| Total Renault Trucks | 17,496 | 14,740 | 19 |
| Heavy-duty (>16 tons) | 9,345 | 8,252 | 13 |
| Medium-duty (7-16 tons) | 1,908 | 1,607 | 19 |
| Light-duty (<7 tons) | 6,243 | 4,881 | 28 |
| Total Renault Trucks | 17,496 | 14,740 | 19 |
| | | | |
| Mack | | | |
| North America | 7,655 | 6,245 | 23 |
| South America | 83 | 78 | 6 |
| Africa and Oceania | 220 | 195 | 13 |
| Total Mack | 7,958 | 6,518 | 22 |
| | 6,388 | 5,211 | 23 |
| Heavy-duty (>16 tons) | | | |
| Heavy-duty (>16 tons) Medium-duty (7-16 tons) | 1,570 | 1,307 | 20 |

This report contains forward-looking statements that reflect the Board of Directors' and management's current views with respect to certain future events and potential financial performance. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties. Results could differ materially from forward-looking statements as a result of, among other factors, (i) changes in economic, market and competitive conditions, (ii) success of business initiatives, (iii) changes in the regulatory environment and other government actions, (iv) fluctuations in exchange rates and (v) business risk management.

This report is based solely on the circumstances at the date of publication and except to the extent required under applicable law, AB Volvo is under no obligation to update the information, opinions or forward-looking statements in this report.

| Financial calendar | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|--|
| Report on the second quarter 2023 | July 19 2023 | |
| Report on the third quarter 2023 | October 18 2023 | |
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